

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 28-October-2009 Revision Date 17-January-2018 **Revision Number** 7 1. Identification **Product Name** Hydrogen peroxide, 30% H325-4; H325-4LC; H325-30GAL; H325-100; H325-500; H325-500LC Cat No. : CAS-No 7722-84-1 Synonyms Hydrogen Dioxide; Peroxide; Carbamide Peroxide **Recommended Use** Laboratory chemicals. Uses advised against Not for food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet **Company** Importer/Distributor Manufacturer Fisher Scientific **Fisher Scientific** 112 Colonnade Road, One Reagent Lane Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Ottawa, ON K2E 7L6, Tel: (201) 796-7100 Canada Tel: 1-800-234-7437 **Emergency Telephone Number** CHEMTREC®, Inside the USA: 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC®, Outside the USA: 001-703-527-3887 2. Hazard(s) identification Classification WHMIS 2015 Classification Classified as hazardous under the Hazardous Products Regulations (SOR/2015-17)

Oxidizing liquids	Category 2
Acute oral toxicity	Category 4
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 1

Label Elements

Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements May intensify fire; oxidizer Harmful if swallowed Causes serious eye damage



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking Keep/Store away from clothing/combustible materials

Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Response

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor

Rinse mouth

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish **Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Other Hazards

Light sensitive

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component		CAS-No	Weight %	
Water	Water 7732-18-5 65 - 80			
Hydrogen peroxide		7722-84-1	20 - 35	
	4.	First-aid measures		
General Advice	If symptoms persist, call a physician.			
Eye Contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.			
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.			
Inhalation	Move to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.			
Ingestion	Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.			
Most important symptoms/effects Notes to Physician	Causes severe eye damage. Treat symptomatically			
	5. Fi	re-fighting measures		
Suitable Extinguishing Media	Use water sp	pray or fog; do not use straight streams.		
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media	No information available			
Flash Point	No information available			

Method -	No information available
Autoignition Temperature Explosion Limits	No information available
Upper	100%
Lower	40%
Oxidizing Properties	Oxidizer

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Corrosive Material. Containers may explode when heated. Oxidizer: Contact with combustible/organic material may cause fire. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. May ignite combustibles (wood paper, oil, clothing, etc.).

Hazardous Combustion Products

Hydrogen oxygen

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

<u>NFPA</u> Health 3	Flammability 0	Instability 1	Physical hazards OX			
	6. Accidental re	lease measures				
Personal Precautions Do not use steel or aluminum too Environmental Precautions	Do not use steel or aluminum tools or equipment					
Methods for Containment and CleanSoak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.UpSweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal.						
Handling	7. Handling a Wear personal protective e	and storage equipment. Do not get in eyes,	on skin, or on clothing. Avoid			

Wear personal protective equipment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials.

Storage

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. To maintain product quality. Keep refrigerated. Keep away from direct sunlight. Do not store in metal containers. Containers should be vented periodically in order to overcome pressure buildup. Do not store near combustible materials.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	Alberta	British Columbia	Ontario TWAEV	Quebec	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Hydrogen peroxide	TWA: 1 ppm TWA: 1.4 mg/m ³	TWA: 1 ppm	TWA: 1 ppm	TWA: 1 ppm TWA: 1.4 mg/m ³		(Vacated) TWA: 1 ppm (Vacated) TWA: 1.4 mg/m ³ TWA: 1 ppm TWA: 1.4 mg/m ³	TWA: 1 ppm TWA: 1.4 mg/m ³

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH IDLH: The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Engineering Measures

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection	Goggles
Hand Protection	Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	Glove comments
Butyl rubber	> 480 minutes	0.35 mm	Splash protection only
Neoprene	> 480 minutes	0.45 mm	
Natural rubber	> 480 minutes	0.5 mm	

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly **Recommended Filter type:** Particulates filter conforming to EN 143 Inorganic gases and vapours filter Type B Grey conforming to EN14387

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls

Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties					
Physical State	Liquid				
Appearance	Colorless				
Odor	Slight				
Odor Threshold	No information available				
рН	3.3				
Melting Point/Range	-33 °C / -27.4 °F				
Boiling Point/Range	108 °C / 226.4 °F @ 760 mmHg				
Flash Point	No information available				
Evaporation Rate	1.0 (Butyl acetate = 1.0)				
Flammability (solid,gas)	Not applicable				
Flammability or explosive limits					
Upper	100%				
Lower	40%				
Vapor Pressure	No information available				
Vapor Density	1.10				
Specific Gravity	1.110				
Solubility	Soluble in water				
-					

Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water **Autoignition Temperature** Decomposition Temperature Viscosity

No data available No information available > 125°C No information available

10. Stability and reactivity					
Reactive Hazard	Yes				
Stability	Sensitivity to light. Oxidizer: Contact with combustible/organic material may cause fire.				
Conditions to Avoid	tions to Avoid Incompatible products. Excess heat. Exposure to light. Combustible material.				
Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents, Metals, Reducing agents, Alcohols, Ammonia, copper, Coppe alloys, lead oxides, Cyanides, Sulfides, lead, Acetone, Aluminium, , Strong reducing agents, Combustible material					
Hazardous Decomposition Products Hydrogen, oxygen					
Hazardous Polymerization	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.				
Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.					

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information	ı							
Oral LD50		Category 4. ATE = 300 - 2000 mg/kg.						
Dermal LD50		Based on ATE data, the classification criteria are not met. ATE > 2000 mg/kg.						
Vapor LC50		Based on ATE data, the classification criteria are not met. ATE > 20 mg/l.						
Component Informa	ation						-	
Componen	nt		LD50 Oral			LD50 Dermal	LC50	Inhalation
Water			-			Not listed	No	ot listed
Hydrogen pero	oxide		76 mg/kg (Rat) (90		>200	0 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 = 2 g	ŋ/m³(Rat)4 h
			0 mg/kg (Rat) (20-6					
			s mg/kg (Rat) (8-20	/				
Toxicologically Syn	ergistic		No information ava	ailable				
Products								
Delayed and immed	liate effects	s as we	ell as chronic effe	cts from sh	ort an	d long-term expo	sure	
Irritation			Causes severe eye	e burns May	cause	e irritation		
Sensitization			No information ava	ailable				
Carainaganiaitu			The table below in	diaataa what	horod	ah aganay haa lia	tod only ingradiant	
Carcinogenicity			The lable below in	uicales when	ner ea	acti agency has its	ted any ingredient	as a carcinogen.
Component	CAS-N	o	IARC	NTP		ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Water	7732-18	3-5	Not listed	Not liste	d	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed
Hydrogen peroxide	7722-84	I-1	Not listed	Not liste	d	A3	Not listed	A3
IARC: (Internation	al Agency fo	or Rese	arch on Cancer)	IARC	: (Inter	national Agency for	Research on Cancer)
,	5 5		·			arcinogenic to Huma		
				Grou	p 2A -	Probably Carcinoger	nic to Humans	
				Grou	p 2B -	Possibly Carcinogen	ic to Humans	
ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial								
Hygienists)	,			A2 -	Suspe	cted Human Carcino	gen	
						Carcinogen	-	
				ACG	IH: (Al	merican Conference	of Governmental Ind	ustrial Hygienists)
Mexico - Occupational Exposure Limits - Carcinogens Mexico - Occupational Exposure Limits - Carcinogens						S		

A1 - Confirmed Human Carcinogen A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen

		A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen A5 - Not Suspected as a Human Carcinogen
Mutagenic Effects	No information available	
Reproductive Effects	No information available.	
Developmental Effects	No information available.	
Teratogenicity	No information available.	
STOT - single exposure STOT - repeated exposure	None known None known	
Aspiration hazard	No information available	
Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed	No information available	
Endocrine Disruptor Information	No information available	
Other Adverse Effects	The toxicological propert	ies have not been fully investigated.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Contains a substance which is:. Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea		
Hydrogen peroxide	EC50 2.5 mg/L/72h	LC50: 16.4 mg/L/96h	Not listed	EC50 7.7 mg/L/24h		
		(P.promelas)		_		
Persistence and Degradability Persistence is unlikely Decomposes Soluble in water based on information available.						

Bioaccumulation/Accumulation

Waste Disposal Methods

No information available.

Mobility

Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility.

Component	log Pow		
Hydrogen peroxide	-1.1		

13. Disposal considerations

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

	14. Transport information
DOT	
UN-No	UN2014
Proper Shipping Name	HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTIONS
Hazard Class	5.1
Subsidiary Hazard Class	8
Packing Group	ll
TDG	
UN-No	UN2014
Proper Shipping Name	HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTIONS
Hazard Class	5.1
Subsidiary Hazard Class	8
Packing Group	ll
UN-No	UN2014
Proper Shipping Name	HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION

Hazard Class Subsidiary Hazard Class Packing Group IMDG/IMO	5.1 8 II
UN-No Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class Subsidiary Hazard Class Packing Group	UN2014 HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION 5.1 8 II
	15. Regulatory information

All of the components in the product are on the following Inventory lists: X = listed

International Inventories

Component	DSL	NDSL	TSCA	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Water	Х	-	Х	231-791-2	-		Х	-	Х	Х	Х
Hydrogen peroxide	Х	-	Х	231-765-0	-		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

Canada

SDS in compliance with provisions of information as set out in Canadian Standard - Part 4, Schedule 1 and 2 of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and meets the requirements of the HPR (Paragraph 13(1)(a) of the Hazardous Products Act (HPA)).

	16. Other information
Prepared By	Regulatory Affairs
	Thermo Fisher Scientific
	Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com
Creation Date	28-October-2009
Revision Date	17-January-2018
Print Date	17-January-2018
Revision Summary	This document has been updated to comply with the requirements of WHMIS 2015 to align with the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) for the Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS