

SECTION 1: Identification	
1.1. Product identifier	
Product form	: Substance
Name	: Argon
CAS No	: 7440-37-1
Formula	: Ar
Other means of identification	: Shielding gas, Argon 40
Product group	: Core Products
1.2. Recommended use and restrictio	
Recommended uses and restrictions	: Industrial use
1.3. Supplier	
Praxair Canada inc. 1200 – 1 City Centre Drive Mississauga - Canada L5B 1M2 T 1-905-803-1600 - F 1-905-803-1682 www.praxair.ca	
1.4. Emergency telephone number	
Emergency number	 1-800-363-0042 Call emergency number 24 hours a day only for spills, leaks, fire, exposure, or accidents involving this product. For routine information, contact your supplier or Praxair sales representative.
SECTION 2: Hazard identification	
2.1. Classification of the substance or	mixture
GHS-CA classification	
Simple asphyxiant H380 Compressed gas H280	
2.2. GHS Label elements, including pr	recautionary statements
GHS-CA labelling	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	GHS04 : WARNING
Hazard statements	: CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION
Precautionary statements	: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F) Use a back flow preventive device in the piping Close valve after each use and when empty Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure
2.3. Other hazards	
Other hazards not contributing to the classification	: Asphyxiant in high concentrations.



2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (Gl	HS-CA)		
No data available			
SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients			
3.1. Substances			
Name	CAS No.	% (Vol.)	Common Name (synonyms)
Argon (Main constituent)	(CAS No) 7440-37-1	100	Argon, compressed
3.2. Mixtures			
Not applicable			
SECTION 4: First-aid measur	es		
4.1. Description of first aid mea	asures		
First-aid measures after inhalation			ted area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped.
First-aid measures after skin contact		ects not expected fr	
First-aid measures after eye contact	away from t	he eyeballs to ensu	hly with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and re that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. Contact an Set immediate medical attention.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Ingestion is	not considered a po	otential route of exposure.
4.2. Most important symptoms	and effects (acute and o	delayed)	
No additional information available			
4.3. Immediate medical attention	on and special treatment	, if necessary	
SECTION 5: Fire-fighting mea 5.1. Suitable extinguishing med			
	dia	ishing media appro	priate for surrounding fire.
5.1. Suitable extinguishing med	dia : Use extingu	ishing media appro	priate for surrounding fire.
5.1. Suitable extinguishing media	dia : Use extingu	ishing media appro	priate for surrounding fire.
 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media 5.2. Unsuitable extinguishing n 	dia : Use extingu nedia		priate for surrounding fire.
5.1.Suitable extinguishing mediaSuitable extinguishing media5.2.Unsuitable extinguishing media5.2.Unsuitable extinguishing media5.3.Specific hazards arising from the sectivity	dia : Use extingu nedia om the hazardous produ : No reactivity	ict y hazard other than	the effects described in sub-sections below.
 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media 5.2. Unsuitable extinguishing media No additional information available 5.3. Specific hazards arising from 	dia : Use extingu nedia om the hazardous produ : No reactivity	ict y hazard other than	
 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media 5.2. Unsuitable extinguishing media 5.3. Specific hazards arising from Reactivity Reactivity in case of fire 5.4. Special protective equipmedia 	dia : Use extingunedia om the hazardous produ : No reactivity : No reactivity ent and precautions for	ict y hazard other than y hazard other than fire-fighters	the effects described in sub-sections below. the effects described in sub-sections below.
 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media 5.2. Unsuitable extinguishing no No additional information available 5.3. Specific hazards arising from Reactivity Reactivity in case of fire 	dia : Use extingu- nedia om the hazardous produ : No reactivity : No reactivity ent and precautions for : Evacuate al and protecti flow of gas safe to do s	ict y hazard other than y hazard other than fire-fighters I personnel from the ve clothing. Immed if safe to do so, whi o. Remove contained	the effects described in sub-sections below.
 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media 5.2. Unsuitable extinguishing media 5.3. Specific hazards arising from Reactivity Reactivity in case of fire 5.4. Special protective equipmedia 	dia : Use extingu- nedia om the hazardous produ : No reactivity : No reactivity ent and precautions for : Evacuate al and protecti flow of gas safe to do s comply with	ict y hazard other than y hazard other than fire-fighters I personnel from the ve clothing. Immed if safe to do so, whi o. Remove contained their provincial and	the effects described in sub-sections below. the effects described in sub-sections below. e danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) liately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop le continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if ers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must
 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media 5.2. Unsuitable extinguishing media 5.3. Specific hazards arising from Reactivity Reactivity in case of fire 5.4. Special protective equipmed Firefighting instructions 	dia : Use extinguinedia om the hazardous produ : No reactivity : No reactivity ent and precautions for : Evacuate al and protecti flow of gas safe to do s comply with : Compresse ghters : Use self-com	ict y hazard other than y hazard other than y hazard other than fire-fighters I personnel from the ve clothing. Immed if safe to do so, whi o. Remove contained their provincial and d gas: asphyxiant. §	the effects described in sub-sections below. the effects described in sub-sections below. e danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) liately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop le continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if ers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must l local fire code regulations. Suffocation hazard by lack of oxygen. opparatus. Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self
 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing m No additional information available Specific hazards arising from Reactivity Reactivity in case of fire Special protective equipmed Firefighting instructions 	dia : Use extinguinedia om the hazardous produ : No reactivity : No reactivity ent and precautions for : Evacuate al and protecti flow of gas safe to do s comply with : Compresse ghters : Use self-con Contained E : Use fire cor radiation ma	ict y hazard other than y hazard other than y hazard other than fire-fighters I personnel from the ve clothing. Immed if safe to do so, whi o. Remove contained their provincial and d gas: asphyxiant. So intained breathing ap Breathing Apparatus introl measures appr ay cause gas contai ected position. Prevent	the effects described in sub-sections below. the effects described in sub-sections below. e danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) liately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop le continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if ers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must l local fire code regulations. Suffocation hazard by lack of oxygen. oparatus. Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self
 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media 5.2. Unsuitable extinguishing media 5.3. Specific hazards arising from Reactivity Reactivity in case of fire 5.4. Special protective equipment Firefighting instructions 	dia : Use extinguinedia com the hazardous produ : No reactivity : No reactivity ent and precautions for : Evacuate al and protecti flow of gas safe to do s comply with : Compresse yhters : Use self-con Contained E : Use fire cor radiation ma from a protecti drainage sy	ict y hazard other than y hazard other than y hazard other than fire-fighters I personnel from the ve clothing. Immed if safe to do so, whi o. Remove contained their provincial and d gas: asphyxiant. So intained breathing ap Breathing Apparatus introl measures appr ay cause gas contai ected position. Prevent	the effects described in sub-sections below. the effects described in sub-sections below. e danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) liately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop le continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if ers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must d local fire code regulations. Suffocation hazard by lack of oxygen. opparatus. Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self s) for fire fighters. opriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat iners to rupture. Cool endangered containers with water spray je ent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and



SECTION 6: Accidental release measures			
6.1.	Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
General	measures :	Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous. Evacuate area. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proven to be safe. Stop leak if safe to do so.	
6.2.	Methods and materials for containmen	nt and cleaning up	
		This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way, and as per local legislation.	
6.3.	Reference to other sections		
For furt	her information refer to section 8: Expo	sure controls/personal protection	
SECTI	ON 7: Handling and storage		
7.1.	Precautions for safe handling		
Precauti	ons for safe handling :	Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g, wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.	
7.2.	Conditions for safe storage, including	any incompatibilities	
Storage con	conditions :	Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store and use with adequate ventilation. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Firmly secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods	
		OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.	

SECTION	8: Exposure controls/perso	or	al protection
8.1. Co	ontrol parameters		
No additiona	al information available		
8.2. Ap	opropriate engineering controls		
Appropriate	engineering controls	:	Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may be released. Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages. Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Consider work permit system e.g. for maintenance activities.
8.3. Inc	dividual protection measures/Pers	sor	nal protective equipment
Personal pro	otective equipment		Face shield. Safety glasses. Gloves.
Hand protec	tion	:	Wear work gloves when handling containers. Wear heavy rubber gloves where contact with product may occur.



Eye protection	: Wear goggles and a face shield when transfilling or breaking transfer connections. Select in accordance with the current CSA standard Z94.3, "Industrial Eye and Face Protection", and any provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines.
Respiratory protection	: Respiratory protection: Use respirable fume respirator or air supplied respirator when working in confined space or where local exhaust or ventilation does not keep exposure below TLV. Select in accordance with provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines. Selection should be based on the current CSA standard Z94.4, "Selection, Care, and Use of Respirators." Respirators should also be approved by NIOSH and MSHA. For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).
Thermal hazard protection	: None necessary.
Environmental exposure controls	: None necessary.
Other information	: Other protection : Safety shoes for general handling at customer sites. Metatarsal shoes and cuffless trousers for cylinder handling at packaging and filling plants. Select in accordance with the current CSA standard Z195, "Protective Foot Wear", and any provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines. For working with flammable and oxidizing materials, consider the use of flame resistant anti-static safety clothing.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties		
9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties		
Physical state	: Gas	
Appearance	: Colourless gas.	
Molecular mass	: 40 g/mol	
Colour	: Colourless.	
Odour	: No odour warning properties.	
Odour threshold	: No data available	
рН	: Not applicable.	
pH solution	: No data available	
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available	
Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)	: Not applicable.	
Melting point	: -189 °C	
Freezing point	: No data available	
Boiling point	: -185.9 °C	
Flash point	: No data available	
Critical temperature	: -122.4 °C	
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not applicable.	
Decomposition temperature	: No data available	
Vapour pressure	: Not applicable.	
Vapour pressure at 50 °C	: No data available	
Critical pressure	: 4898 kPa	
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: 0.0016 (≥ 21.1)	
Relative density	: No data available	
Relative density of saturated gas/air mixture	: No data available	
Density	: Vapour density 0.103 lb/ft ³ at 21.1°C (70°F)	
Relative gas density	: 1.38	
Solubility	: Water: 61 mg/l	
Log Pow	: Not applicable.	
Log Kow	: Not applicable.	
Viscosity, kinematic	: Not applicable.	
Viscosity, dynamic	: Not applicable.	
Viscosity, kinematic (calculated value) (40 °C)	: No data available	
Explosive properties	: Not applicable.	
Oxidizing properties	: None.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Non flammable	



9.2. Other information	
Minimum ignition energy	: ≈
Gas group	: Compressed gas
Additional information	: Gas/vapour heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level
SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity	
10.1. Reactivity	
Reactivity	: No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.
Chemical stability	: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: None.
Conditions to avoid	: None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).
Incompatible materials	: Using this product in welding and cutting may create additional hazards. The arc from electric arc welding may form gaseous reaction products such as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide Ozone and nitrogen oxides may be formed by the radiation from the arc. Other decomposition products of arc welding and cutting originate from the volatilization, reaction, and oxidization of the material being worked.
Hazardous decomposition products	: None.
SECTION 11: Toxicological informat	tion
Likely routes of exposure	: Inhalation.
11.1. Information on toxicological effects	3
Acute toxicity (oral)	: Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal)	: Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	: Not classified
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified
	pH: Not applicable.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified
conodo byo damago/intalion	pH: Not applicable.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified

SECTION 12: Ecological information		
12.1. 1	Toxicity	
Ecology - g	general :	No ecological damage caused by this product.
12.2. F	Persistence and degradability	
Argon (7440-37-1)		
Persisten	nce and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.



12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
Argon (7440-37-1)	
Log Pow	Not applicable.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.
12.4. Mobility in soil	
Argon (7440-37-1)	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Log Pow	Not applicable.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.
12.5. Other adverse effects	
	· Nana
Effect on the ozone layer	: None
Effect on global warming	: None
SECTION 13: Disposal consideration	s
13.1. Disposal methods	
Waste treatment methods	: May be vented to atmosphere in a well ventilated place. Consult supplier for specific recommendations. Do not discharge into any place where its accumulation could be dangerous. Contact supplier if guidance is required.
Waste disposal recommendations	: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.
SECTION 14: Transport information	
14.1. Basic shipping description	
In accordance with TDG	
TDG	
UN-No. (TDG)	: UN1006
TDG Primary Hazard Classes	: 2.2 - Class 2.2 - Non-Flammable, Non-Toxic Gas.
Proper shipping name	: ARGON, COMPRESSED
Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index	: 0.125 L
Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle or Passenger Carrying Railway Vehicle Index	: 75 L
14.3. Air and sea transport	
IMDG	
UN-No. (IMDG)	: 1006
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG)	: ARGON, COMPRESSED
Class (IMDG)	: 2 - Gases
MFAG-No	: 121
IATA	
UN-No. (IATA)	: 1006
Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	: Argon, compressed
Class (IATA)	: 2
SECTION 15: Regulatory information	
15.1. National regulations	
Argon (7440-37-1)	

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)



Argon Safety Data Sheet E-4563

according to the Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015) Date of issue: 10-15-1979 Revision date: 08-03-2016 Supersedes: 10-15-2013

15.2. International regulations

Argon (7440-37-1)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances) Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Listed on INSQ (Mexican national Inventory of Chemical Substances)

SECTION 16: Other information	
Date of issue	: 15/10/1979
Revision date	: 03/08/2016
Supersedes	: 15/10/2013
Indication of changes:	
Training advice	: The hazard of asphyxiation is often overlooked and must be stressed during operator training.
Other information	: Praxair asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information
	The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair Canada Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Praxair Canada Inc, it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product. Praxair Canada Inc, SDSs are furnished on sale or delivery by Praxair Canada Inc, or the independent distributors and suppliers who package and sell our products. To obtain current SDSs for these products, contact your Praxair sales representative, local distributor, or supplier, or download from www.praxair.ca. If you have questions regarding Praxair SDSs, would like the document number and date of the latest SDS, or would like the names of the Praxair suppliers in your area, phone or write Praxair Canada Inc, (Phone: 1-888-257-5149; Address: Praxair Canada Inc, 1 City Centre Drive, Suite 1200, Mississauga, Ontario, L5B 1M2).
	PRAXAIR and the Flowing Airstream design are trademarks or registered trademarks of Praxair Technology, Inc. in the United States and/or other countries.
NFPA health hazard	: 0 - Exposure under fire conditions would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible materials.
NFPA fire hazard	: 0 - Materials that will not burn.
NFPA reactivity	: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.
NFPA specific hazard	: SA - This denotes gases which are simple asphyxiants.
HMIS III Rating	
Health	: 0 Minimal Hazard - No significant risk to health
Flammability	: 0 Minimal Hazard - Materials that will not burn
Physical	: 3 Serious Hazard - Materials that may form explosive mixtures with water and are capable of detonation or explosive reaction in the presence of a strong initiating source. Materials may polymerize, decompose, self-react, or undergo other chemical change at normal temperature and pressure with moderate risk of explosion

SDS Canada (GHS) - Praxair

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.