

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 03-November-2009 Revision Date 18-January-2018 Revision Number 4

1. Identification

Product Name Formic acid (88%)

Cat No.: A118P-4; A118P-100; A118P-500; A119P-1; A119P-4; A119P-4LC;

A119P-20; A119P-500;

**CAS-No** 64-18-6

Synonyms No information available

**Recommended Use** Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against Not for food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Importer/DistributorManufacturerFisher ScientificFisher Scientific112 Colonnade Road,One Reagent LaneOttawa, ON K2E 7L6,Fair Lawn, NJ 07410CanadaTel: (201) 796-7100

Tel: 1-800-234-7437

**Emergency Telephone Number** 

Chemtrec US: (800) 424-9300 Chemtrec EU: 001 (202) 483-7616

# 2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

WHMIS 2015 Classification Classified as hazardous under the Hazardous Products Regulations (SOR/2015-17)

Flammable liquids
Category 3
Acute oral toxicity
Category 4
Acute Inhalation Toxicity
Skin Corrosion/irritation
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation
Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified
Category 1
Category 1
Category 1
Category 1

Corrosive to the respiratory tract

Lachrymator

Label Elements

Signal Word

Danger

**Hazard Statements** 

Flammable liquid and vapor Harmful if swallowed Toxic if inhaled

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage Corrosive to the respiratory tract Lachrymator



### **Precautionary Statements**

#### Prevention

Do not breathe dust/fumes/gas/mist/vapours/spray

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharges

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

#### Response

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor

Rinse mouth

Do NOT induce vomiting

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

Explosion risk in case of fire

Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance

Evacuate area

#### Storage

Store locked up

Store in a closed container

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

#### Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

# 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %		
Formic acid	64-18-6	85-90		
Water	7732-18-5	10 - 15		

# 4. First-aid measures

#### **General Advice**

Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Formic acid (88%)

**Eye Contact**Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

**Inhalation** Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if

victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate

medical attention is required.

**Ingestion** Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately.

Most important symptoms/effects Breathing difficulties. Causes burns by all exposure routes. Symptoms of overexposure

may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe

damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Cool closed

containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media No information available

Flash Point 60 °C / 140 °F

Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature 520 °C / 968 °F

**Explosion Limits** 

Upper No data available
Lower No data available
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available
Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

## **Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical**

Flammable. Corrosive Material. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

#### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Carbon monoxide (CO) Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) Hydrogen Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors **Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters** 

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

HealthFlammabilityInstabilityPhysical hazards321N/A

# 6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions Use personal protective equipment. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Remove all sources

of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Ensure adequate

ventilation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

**Environmental Precautions** Avoid release to the environment. See Section 12 for additional ecological information.

Methods for Containment and Clean Remove all sources of ignition. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable,

Up

closed containers for disposal. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

## 7. Handling and storage

Handling

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not ingest.

**Storage** 

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Flammables area.

# 8. Exposure controls / personal protection

#### **Exposure Guidelines**

Component	Alberta	British Columbia	Ontario TWAEV	Quebec	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Formic acid	TWA: 5 ppm TWA: 9.4 mg/m³ STEL: 10 ppm STEL: 19 mg/m³	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	''	TWA: 5 ppm TWA: 9.4 mg/m³ STEL: 10 ppm STEL: 19 mg/m³	STEL: 10 ppm		TWA: 5 ppm

#### Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH IDLH: The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

#### **Engineering Measures**

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

### Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection

Goggles

**Hand Protection** 

Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	Glove comments
Natural rubber	See manufacturers	-	Splash protection only
Butyl rubber	recommendations		
Nitrile rubber			
Neoprene			
PVC			

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

### **Respiratory Protection**

Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly **Recommended Filter type:** Particulates filter conforming to EN 143 or Acid gases filter Type E Yellow conforming to EN14387

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Prevent product from entering drains.

#### **Hygiene Measures**

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical StateLiquidAppearanceColorlessOdorpungent

Odor ThresholdNo information availablepH2.110 g/L aq.solMelting Point/Range8 °C / 46.4 °F

Boiling Point/Range 101 °C / 213.8 °F @ 760 mmHg

Flash Point 60 °C / 140 °F
Evaporation Rate No information available

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable

Flammability or explosive limits

Upper No data available
Lower No data available
Vapor Pressure 44 mbar @ 20 °C
Vapor Density No information available

Specific Gravity 1.220

Solubility
Miscible with water
Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water
Autoignition Temperature
Decomposition Temperature
Viscosity

Miscible with water
No data available
520 °C / 968 °F
No information available
1.47 mPa.s @ 20 °C

Molecular Formula C H2 O2 Molecular Weight 46.02

# 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Hygroscopic. heat sensitive. Decomposes to water and carbon dioxide.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and

sources of ignition. Exposure to moist air or water.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents, Metals, Powdered metals, Strong bases

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), Hydrogen, Thermal decomposition can lead

to release of irritating gases and vapors

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

**Hazardous Reactions** None under normal processing.

# 11. Toxicological information

**Acute Toxicity** 

**Product Information** 

Oral LD50 Category 4.

**Dermal LD50** Based on ATE data, the classification criteria are not met. ATE > 2000 mg/kg.

#### Vapor LC50

Category 3.

**Component Information** 

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Formic acid	730 mg/kg (Rat)	Not listed	15 g/m³ (Rat) 15 min
Water	-	Not listed	Not listed
Toxicologically Synergistic	No information available		

**Toxicologically Synergistic** 

**Products** 

Causes severe burns by all exposure routes May cause irritation to mucous membranes Irritation

and respiratory tract

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

No information available Sensitization

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Formic acid	64-18-6	Not listed				
Water	7732-18-5	Not listed				

**Mutagenic Effects** 

No information available

No information available. **Reproductive Effects** 

**Developmental Effects** No information available.

No information available. **Teratogenicity** 

STOT - single exposure None known STOT - repeated exposure None known

**Aspiration hazard** No information available

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

No information available **Endocrine Disruptor Information** 

The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated. **Other Adverse Effects** 

# 12. Ecological information

#### **Ecotoxicity**

Do not empty into drains.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Formic acid	EC50 = 25 mg/L/96h	Leuciscus idus: LC50 =	EC50 = 46.7 mg/L/17h	EC50 = 34 mg/L/48h
		46-100 mg/l /96h		

Persistence and Degradability

Miscible with water Persistence is unlikely based on information available.

**Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation** 

No information available.

**Mobility** 

. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility.

Component	log Pow
Formic acid	-0.54

# 13. Disposal considerations

**Waste Disposal Methods** 

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and

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national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

Component	RCRA - U Series Wastes	RCRA - P Series Wastes
Formic acid - 64-18-6	U123	-

# 14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN1779
Proper Shipping Name FORMIC ACID

Hazard Class 8
Subsidiary Hazard Class 3
Packing Group ||

**TDG** 

UN-No UN1779
Proper Shipping Name FORMIC ACID

Hazard Class 8
Subsidiary Hazard Class 3

**IATA** 

**Packing Group** 

UN-No UN1779
Proper Shipping Name UN1779
Formic acid

Hazard Class 8
Subsidiary Hazard Class 3
Packing Group ||

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1779
Proper Shipping Name Formic acid

Hazard Class 8
Subsidiary Hazard Class 3
Packing Group ||

# 15. Regulatory information

All of the components in the product are on the following Inventory lists: X = listed

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## International Inventories

Component	DSL	NDSL	TSCA	EINECS	<b>ELINCS</b>	NLP	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Formic acid	Χ	-	Χ	200-579-1	-		Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Х
Water	Х	-	X	231-791-2	-		X	-	Х	Х	X

### Canada

SDS in compliance with provisions of information as set out in Canadian Standard - Part 4, Schedule 1 and 2 of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and meets the requirements of the HPR (Paragraph 13(1)(a) of the Hazardous Products Act (HPA)).

Component	Canada - National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI)	Canadian Environmental Protection Agency (CEPA) - List of Toxic Substances	Canada's Chemicals Management Plan (CEPA)
Formic acid	Part 1, Group A Substance		

# 16. Other information

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Creation Date03-November-2009Revision Date18-January-2018Print Date18-January-2018

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Formic acid (88%)

#### **Revision Summary**

This document has been updated to comply with the requirements of WHMIS 2015 to align with the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) for the Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.

## **Disclaimer**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

**End of SDS**