

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 02-November-2009 Revision Date 18-January-2018 Revision Number 5 1. Identification **Product Name** Formic acid, OPTIMA LC/MS Grade (99.5%) Cat No. : A117-50; A117-10X1AMP; A117-1AMP; A117-05AMP; A117-2AMP; NC1450425 CAS-No 64-18-6 Methanoic acid; FA (OPTIMA LC/MS) **Synonyms Recommended Use** Laboratory chemicals. Not for food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use Uses advised against Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Company Importer/Distributor Manufacturer **Fisher Scientific** Fisher Scientific One Reagent Lane 112 Colonnade Road, Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Ottawa, ON K2E 7L6, Tel: (201) 796-7100 Canada Tel: 1-800-234-7437 **Emergency Telephone Number** CHEMTREC®, Inside the USA: 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC®. Outside the USA: 001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

### Classification

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WHMIS 2015 Classification

Classified as hazardous under the Hazardous Products Regulations (SOR/2015-17)

Flammable liquids	Category 3	
Acute oral toxicity	Category 4	
Acute Inhalation Toxicity	Category 3	
Skin Corrosion/irritation	Category 1 A	
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 1	
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 2	
Target Organs - Respiratory system.		
Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified	Category 1	
Corrosive to the respiratory tract		

Label Elements

Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements Flammable liquid and vapor Harmful if swallowed Toxic if inhaled Causes severe skin burns and eye damage Corrosive to the respiratory tract



Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

#### Precautionary Statements Prevention

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking Keep container tightly closed Ground/bond container and receiving equipment Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment Use only non-sparking tools Take precautionary measures against static discharges Do not breathe dust/fumes/gas/mist/vapours/spray Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection Wear respiratory protection Response IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor Rinse mouth Do NOT induce vomiting Wash contaminated clothing before reuse In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed Store locked up Disposal

## 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
Formic acid	64-18-6	>95

4. First-aid measures	
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General AdviceImmediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in<br/>attendance.Eye ContactIn the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical<br/>advice.

Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.		
Inhalation	Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Move to fresh air. Immediate medical attention is required. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.		
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately.		
Most important symptoms/effects Notes to Physician	Breathing difficulties. Causes burns by all exposure routes. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation Treat symptomatically		
	5. Fire-fighting measures		
Suitable Extinguishing Media	Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.		
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media	No information available		
Flash Point	50 °C / 122 °F		
Method -	No information available		

Autoignition Temperature	520 °C / 968 °F

Explosion Limits	
Upper	45 vol %
Lower	10 vol %
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact	No information available
Sensitivity to Static Discharge	No information available

#### **Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical**

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated.

#### Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO) Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) Hydrogen Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors **Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters** 

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

<u>NFPA</u> Health 3	Flammability 2	Instability 1	Physical hazards N/A
	6. Accidental re	lease measures	
Personal Precautions	from and upwind of spill/leak. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.		
sewer system. See Section 12 for additional ecological information. Methods for Containment and Clean Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.			
Up	Remove all sources of igni	tion. Use spark-proof tools and	explosion-proof equipment.

	7. Handling and storage
Handling	Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Do not ingest. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Storage	Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Containers should be vented periodically in order to overcome pressure buildup. Store in explosion-proof refrigerator. Flammables area.

## 8. Exposure controls / personal protection

#### Exposure Guidelines

Component	Alberta	British Columbia	Ontario TWAEV	Quebec	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Formic acid	TWA: 5 ppm TWA: 9.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 10 ppm STEL: 19 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			TWA: 5 ppm TWA: 9.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 10 ppm STEL: 19 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 10 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 5 ppm (Vacated) TWA: 9 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 5 ppm TWA: 9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	IDLH: 30 ppm TWA: 5 ppm TWA: 9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

#### Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH IDLH: The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

#### Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to

control hazardous materials at source

Personal	protective ed	quipment

Eye ProtectionFace-shield or GogglesHand ProtectionWear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent state	skin exposure.
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Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	Glove comments
Neoprene	> 480 minutes	0.5 mm	As tested under EN374-3
Butyl rubber	> 480 minutes	0.7 mm	Determination of Resistance to
			Permeation by Chemicals

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

#### **Respiratory Protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly **Recommended Filter type:** Particulates filter conforming to EN 143 Acid gases filter Type E Yellow conforming to EN14387

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Prevent product from entering drains.

<u>Hygiene Measures</u> Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical	and chemical properties
Physical State	Liquid
Appearance	Colorless
Odor	pungent
Odor Threshold	No information available
рН	2.1 10 g/L aq.sol
Melting Point/Range	8 °C / 46.4 °F
Boiling Point/Range	101 °C / 213.8 °F @ 760 mmHg
Flash Point	50 °C / 122 °F
Evaporation Rate	No information available
Flammability (solid,gas)	Not applicable
Flammability or explosive limits	
Upper	45 vol %
Lower	10 vol %
Vapor Pressure	44 mbar @ 20 °C
Vapor Density	No information available
Specific Gravity	1.220
Solubility	miscible
Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water	No data available
Autoignition Temperature	520 °C / 968 °F
Decomposition Temperature	No information available
Viscosity	1.47 mPa.s @ 20 °C
Molecular Formula	C H2 O2
Molecular Weight	46.02
10. Sta	ability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard	None known, based on information available
Stability	Strong reducing agent. Fire and explosion risk in contact with oxidizing agents. Hygroscopic. heat sensitive. Decomposes to water and carbon dioxide.
Conditions to Avoid	Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Exposure to moist air or water.
Incompatible Materials	Strong oxidizing agents, Metals, Powdered metals, Strong bases
Hazardous Decomposition Product	s Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ), Hydrogen, Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors
Hazardous Polymerization	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Hazardous Reactions	None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

## Acute Toxicity

Product Information Oral LD50 Dermal LD50 Vapor LC50 Component Information	Category 4. Based on ATE data, the clas Category 3.	ssification criteria are not met.	
Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Formic acid	730 mg/kg (Rat)	Not listed	15 g/m <sup>3</sup> (Rat) 15 min
Toxicologically Synergistic	No information available		

Irritation		Causes severe but	rns by all exposure	e routes Irritating to	respiratory syster	n								
Sensitization		No information ava	ailable											
Carcinogenicity		The table below in	dicates whether ea	ach agency has list	ed any ingredient	as a carcinogen								
Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico								
Formic acid	64-18-6	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed								
Nutagenic Effects		No information ava	ailable											
Reproductive Effec	ts	No information ava	ailable.											
Developmental Effe	cts	No information available.												
Teratogenicity STOT - single exposure STOT - repeated exposure Aspiration hazard		No information available. Respiratory system None known No information available												
								Symptoms / effects delayed	s,both acute and	d Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation				
								Endocrine Disrupto	r Information	No information available				

## 12. Ecological information

#### Ecotoxicity

Contains a substance which is:. Harmful to aquatic organisms. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Formic acid	EC50 = 25 mg/L/96h	Leuciscus idus: LC50 =	EC50 = 46.7 mg/L/17h	EC50 = 34 mg/L/48h
		46-100 mg/L/96h		
Persistence and Degrada	ability Miscible with	water Persistence is unlike	ely based on information a	vailable.

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation	No information available.
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Mobility

. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility.

Component	log Pow
Formic acid	-0.54

## 13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

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	national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.						
	hazardous wa	aste. Chemic	al waste generators i	must also consult loo	cal, regional, and		

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a

Component	RCRA - U Series Wastes	RCRA - P Series Wastes
Formic acid - 64-18-6	U123	-

14. Transport information

DOT	
UN-No	UN1779
Proper Shipping Name	FORMIC ACID
Hazard Class	8
Subsidiary Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II
TDG	
UN-No	UN1779
Proper Shipping Name	FORMIC ACID
Hazard Class	8
Subsidiary Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II
ΙΑΤΑ	
UN-No	UN1779
Proper Shipping Name	FORMIC ACID
Hazard Class	8
Subsidiary Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II
IMDG/IMO	
UN-No	UN1779
Proper Shipping Name	FORMIC ACID
Hazard Class	8
Subsidiary Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II
	15. Regulatory information

All of the components in the product are on the following Inventory lists: X = listed

#### International Inventories

Component	DSL	NDSL	TSCA	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Formic acid	Х	-	Х	200-579-1	-		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

#### Canada

SDS in compliance with provisions of information as set out in Canadian Standard - Part 4, Schedule 1 and 2 of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and meets the requirements of the HPR (Paragraph 13(1)(a) of the Hazardous Products Act (HPA)).

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Component Ca		Canada - National Pollutant	Canadian Environmental	Canada's Chemicals Management
		Release Inventory (NPRI)	Protection Agency (CEPA)	Plan (CEPA)
			- List of Toxic Substances	
	Formic acid	Part 1, Group A Substance		

16. Other information	
Prepared By	Regulatory Affairs
	Thermo Fisher Scientific
	Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com
Creation Date	02-November-2009
Revision Date	18-January-2018
Print Date	18-January-2018
Revision Summary	This document has been updated to comply with the requirements of WHMIS 2015 to align with the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) for the Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information

relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text