

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 20-January-2010

Revision Date 25-April-2019

Revision Number 5

1. Identification

Chloroform, stabilized with ethanol

Product Name

BP1145-1; BP1145-1EA

Laboratory chemicals.

CAS-No Synonyms

Cat No. :

67-66-3 Formyl trichloride; Methane trichloride; Methenyl trichloride

Recommended Use Uses advised against

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Importer/Distributor Fisher Scientific 112 Colonnade Road, Ottawa, ON K2E 7L6, Canada Tel: 1-800-234-7437

Emergency Telephone Number

CHEMTREC®, Inside the USA: 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC®, Outside the USA: 001-703-527-3887 Manufacturer Fisher Scientific One Reagent Lane Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Tel: (201) 796-7100

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

WHMIS 2015 Classification

Classified as hazardous under the Hazardous Products Regulations (SOR/2015-17)

Acute oral toxicity	Category 4
Acute Inhalation Toxicity	Category 3
Skin Corrosion/irritation	Category 2
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 2
Carcinogenicity	Category 2
Reproductive Toxicity	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3
Target Organs - Respiratory system, Central nervous system	n (CNS).
Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)	Category 2
Target Organs - Heart, Liver, Kidney, Blood.	

Label Elements

Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements

Harmful if swallowed Toxic if inhaled Causes skin irritation Causes serious eye irritation May cause respiratory irritation May cause drowsiness and dizziness Suspected of causing cancer Suspected of damaging the unborn child May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure



Precautionary Statements Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Do not breathe dust/fumes/gas/mist/vapours/spray

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Rinse mouth

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention

Take off contaminated clothing

Storage

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Other Hazards

Light sensitive

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
Chloroform	67-66-3	>99
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	<0.8

4. FIRST-aid measures
Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.
Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In

1 First aid maasu

	the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.
Inhalation	Move to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately.
Most important symptoms/effects	. Symptoms of overexposure are dizziness, headache, tiredness, nausea, unconsciousness, cessation of breathing: May cause decreases in blood pressure and other cardiac effects: Symptoms may be delayed
Notes to Physician	Treat symptomatically
	5. Fire-fighting measures

5. Fire-fighting measures		
Suitable Extinguishing Media Substance is nonflammable; use agent most appropriate to extinguish surrounding fire		
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media	No information available	
Flash Point	No information available	
Method -	No information available	
Autoignition Temperature	No information available	
Explosion Limits		
Upper	No data available	
Lower	No data available	
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impac	t No information available	
Sensitivity to Static Discharge	No information available	

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Non-combustible, substance itself does not burn but may decompose upon heating to produce corrosive and/or toxic fumes.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO) Carbon dioxide (CO2) Hydrogen chloride gas phosgene

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

<u>NFPA</u>	Health 2	Flammability 1	Instability 1	Physical hazards N/A
		6. Accidental release measures		
Personal Precautions Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment. Keep people away and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.				
Environ	mental Precautions	Should not be released into		

Methods for Containment and Clean Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Up

	7. Handling and storage
Handling	Wear personal protective equipment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Do not ingest.
Storage	Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from

direct sunlight. Store under an inert atmosphere. Protect from moisture.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	Alberta	British Columbia	Ontario TWAEV	Quebec	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Chloroform	TWA: 10 ppm TWA: 49 mg/m ³	TWA: 2 ppm	TWA: 10 ppm	TWA: 5 ppm TWA: 24.4 mg/m ³	TWA: 10 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 2 ppm (Vacated) TWA: 9.78 mg/m ³ Ceiling: 50 ppm Ceiling: 240 mg/m ³	IDLH: 500 ppm STEL: 2 ppm STEL: 9.78 mg/m ³
Ethyl alcohol	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 1880 mg/m ³	STEL: 1000 ppm	STEL: 1000 ppm	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 1880 mg/m ³	STEL: 1000 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 1000 ppm (Vacated) TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 1900 mg/m ³	IDLH: 3300 ppm TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 1900 mg/m ³

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH IDLH: The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection	Goggles
Hand Protection	Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	Glove comments
Viton (R)	> 480 minutes	0.30 mm	As tested under EN374-3
			Determination of Resistance to
			Permeation by Chemicals
 		1.005 1.1 1.51	

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly **Recommended Filter type:** low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to EN371

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls

Prevent product from entering drains.

<u>Hygiene Measures</u> Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. P	hysical and chemical properties
Physical State	Liquid
Appearance	Colorless
Odor	aromatic Slight sweet
Odor Threshold	No information available
рН	No information available
Melting Point/Range	-63 °C / -81.4 °F
Boiling Point/Range	61 °C / 141.8 142.7 °F
Flash Point	No information available
Evaporation Rate	11.6 (Butyl Acetate = 1.0)
Flammability (solid,gas)	Not applicable
Flammability or explosive limits	
Upper	No data available
Lower	No data available
Vapor Pressure	213 mbar @ 20 °C
Vapor Density	4.12 (Air = 1.0)
Specific Gravity	1.480
Solubility	Slightly soluble in water
Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water	No data available
Autoignition Temperature	No information available
Decomposition Temperature	No information available
Viscosity	0.56 mPa.s @ 20 °C
Molecular Formula	C H Cl3
Molecular Weight	119.38
	10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard	None known, based on information available	
Stability	Stable under normal conditions. Unstable upon depletion of inhibitor. Light sensitive.	
Conditions to Avoid	Incompatible products. Heat, flames and sparks. Excess heat. Exposure to light. Protect from moisture.	
Incompatible Materials	Strong oxidizing agents, Alkali metals, Aluminium, Acetone	
Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), Hydrogen chloride gas, phosgene		
Hazardous Polymerization	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.	
Hazardous Reactions	None under normal processing.	

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

Component Information

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation			
Chloroform	LD50 = 695 mg/kg (Rat) LD50 = 450 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 > 20 g/kg (Rabbit)	47,702 mg/L(Rat)4 h			
Ethyl alcohol	3450 mg/kg (Mouse)	Not listed	20000 ppm/10H (Rat)			
Toxicologically Synergistic No information available						
Products Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure						

Irritation	Irritating to eyes and skin

Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen. Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect. Ethanol has been shown to be carcinogenic in long-term studies only when consumed and abused as an alcoholic beverage.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico		
Chloroform	67-66-3	Group 2B	Reasonably	A3	Х	A3		
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	Group 1	Anticipated Known	A3	X	A3		
	al Agency for Res				A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A			
	an rigency for ries	caren on ouncery	Group 1 - C	arcinogenic to Huma	ans	/		
			Group 2A -	Probably Carcinoger	nic to Humans			
NTP: (National To	xicity Program)			Possibly Carcinogen nal Toxicity Program				
	nieny rregiani,		Known - Kn	own Carcinogen				
					nably Anticipated to	be a Human		
ACGIH: (America	n Conference of G	overnmental Industr	ial A1 - Known	Human Carcinogen				
Hygienists)			A2 - Suspe	cted Human Carcino	gen			
				Carcinogen				
Mexico - Occupati	ional Exposure Lin	nits - Carcinogens	ACGIH: (A Mexico - Oc	merican Conterence	of Governmental Ind Limits - Carcinogen	iustriai Hygienists) Is		
mexice eccuput		into our onnogonio	A1 - Confirr	ned Human Carcinog	gen	•		
				cted Human Carcino				
				ned Animal Carcinog assifiable as a Huma				
				spected as a Humar				
Mutagenic Effects		No information ava	ailable					
Reproductive Effect	s	Suspect reproduct	ive hazard - contai	ns material which	may injure unborn	child.		
Developmental Effe	cts	No information ava	ailable.					
Teratogenicity		No information ava	ailable.					
STOT - single expos		Respiratory system Central nervous system (CNS)						
STOT - repeated exp	posure	Heart Liver Kidney Blood						
Aspiration hazard		No information ava	ailable					
Symptoms / effects	,both acute and	Symptoms of over	exposure are dizzi	ness, headache, ti	redness, nausea,	unconsciousness,		
delayed	d cessation of breathing: May cause decreases in blood pressure and other cardiac effe Symptoms may be delayed							
Endocrine Disrupto	r Information	No information ava	ailable					
Other Adverse Effect	cts	Tumorigenic effects have been reported in experimental animals. See actual entry in RTECS for complete information.						

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Do not empty into drains. Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Chloroform	EC50 = 560 mg/L/48h	LC50: = 300 mg/L, 96h static	Photobacterium	EC50 = 28.9 mg/L/48h
		(Poecilia reticulata)	phosphoreum: EC50 = 520	
		LC50: = 18 mg/L, 96h	mg/L/5 min	
		flow-through (Lepomis	Photobacterium	

		macrochirus) LC50: = 18 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: = 71 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas)	phosphoreum: EC50 = 670 mg/L/15 min Photobacterium phosphoreum: EC50 = 670 mg/L/30min	
Ethyl alcohol	EC50 (72h) = 275 mg/l (Chlorella vulgaris)	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) LC50 = 14200 mg/l/96h	Photobacterium phosphoreum:EC50 = 34634 mg/L/30 min Photobacterium phosphoreum:EC50 = 35470 mg/L/5 min	EC50 = 9268 mg/L/48h EC50 = 10800 mg/L/24h

Persistence and Degradability Persistence is unlikely based on information available.

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation

No information available.

Mobility

Component	log Pow
Chloroform	2
Ethyl alcohol	-0.32

Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

Component	RCRA - U Series Wastes	RCRA - P Series Wastes
Chloroform - 67-66-3	U044	-

	14. Transport information
DOT	
UN-No	UN1888
Proper Shipping Name	CHLOROFORM
Hazard Class	6.1
Packing Group	III
TDG	
UN-No	UN1888
Proper Shipping Name	CHLOROFORM
Hazard Class	6.1
Packing Group	III
IATA	
UN-No	UN1888
Proper Shipping Name	CHLOROFORM
Hazard Class	6.1
Packing Group	III
IMDG/IMO	
UN-No	UN1888
Proper Shipping Name	CHLOROFORM
Hazard Class	6.1
Packing Group	
	15. Regulatory information

International Inventories

Component	DSL	NDSL	TSCA	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Chloroform	Х	-	Х	200-663-8	-		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Ethyl alcohol	Х	-	Х	200-578-6	-		Х	Х	Х	Х	KE-1321

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Canada

SDS in compliance with provisions of information as set out in Canadian Standard - Part 4, Schedule 1 and 2 of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and meets the requirements of the HPR (Paragraph 13(1)(a) of the Hazardous Products Act (HPA)).

Component	Canada - National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI)	Canadian Environmental Protection Agency (CEPA) - List of Toxic Substances	Canada's Chemicals Management Plan (CEPA)
Chloroform	Part 1, Group A Substance Part 4		
	Substance		
Ethyl alcohol	Part 5, Individual Substances Part 4		
	Substance		

	16. Other information
Prepared By	Regulatory Affairs Thermo Fisher Scientific
	Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com
Creation Date	20-January-2010
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Revision Summary	This document has been updated to comply with the requirements of WHMIS 2015 to align with the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) for the Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS