

Safety Data Sheet E-4631 according to the Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015) Date of issue: 10-15-1979 Revision date: 01-01-2021 Supersedes: 08-03-2016

SECTION 1: Identification	
1.1. Product identifier	
Product form	: Substance
Trade name	: Nitrogen, Medipure Nitrogen, Extendapak Nitrogen
Chemical name	: Nitrogen
CAS No	: 7727-37-9
Formula	: N2
Other means of identification	: Dinitrogen, Refrigerant R728, Nitrogen, Medipure Nitrogen, Extendapak Nitrogen,
	Nitrogen - Diving Grade
Product group	: Core Products
1.2. Recommended use and restrictions	on use
Recommended uses and restrictions	: Medical applications.
	Industrial use Diving Gas (Underwater Breathing)
1.3. Supplier	
Linde Canada inc. 1200 – 1 City Centre Drive Mississauga - Canada L5B 1M2 T 1-905-803-1600 - F 1-905-803-1682 www.lindecanada.ca	
1.4. Emergency telephone number	
Emergency number	 1-800-363-0042 Call emergency number 24 hours a day only for spills, leaks, fire, exposure, or accidents involving this product. For routine information, contact your supplier or Linde sales representative.
SECTION 2: Hazard identification	
2.1. Classification of the substance or m	nixture
GHS-CA classification	
Compressed gas H280	
2.2. GHS Label elements, including prec	autionary statements
GHS-CA labelling	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	GHS04 : WARNING
Signal word	
Signal word Hazard statements Precautionary statements	



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2.3.	Other hazards	
Other ha: classifica	zards not contributing to the tion	: Asphyxiant in high concentrations. May cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing.
2.4.	Unknown acute toxicity (GHS CA)	
No data available		
SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients		

3.1. Substances

orn. Outstandes			
Name	CAS No.	% (Vol.)	Common Name (synonyms)
Nitrogen (Main constituent)	(CAS No) 7727-37-9	100	Nitrogen (liquified) / Nitrogen gas / Nitrogen, liquefied / NITROGEN / Nitrogen, compressed

3.2. **Mixtures**

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First-aid measures	
4.1. Description of first aid measures	3
First-aid measures after inhalation	: Immediately remove to fresh air. If not breathing, clear airways of any slurry or caked material and give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, qualified personnel may give oxygen. Call a physician.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Adverse effects not expected from this product.
First-aid measures after eye contact	 Adverse effects not expected from this product. In case of eye irritation: Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Consult an ophthalmologist if irritation persists.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)	
No additional information available	
4.3. Immediate medical attention and	I special treatment, if necessary
Other medical advice or treatment	: None.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures	
5.1. Suitable extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.
5.2. Unsuitable extinguishing media	
No additional information available	
5.3. Specific hazards arising from the h	azardous product
Explosion hazard	: PRESSURISED CONTAINER: MAY BURST IF HEATED.
Reactivity	: Under certain conditions, nitrogen can react violently with lithium, neodymium, titanium (above 1472°F/800°C), or magnesium to form nitrides. At high temperature, it can also combine with oxygen and hydrogen.
5.4. Special protective equipment and	precautions for fire-fighters
Firefighting instructions	: Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with their provincial and local fire code regulations.
Protection during firefighting	: Compressed gas: asphyxiant. Suffocation hazard by lack of oxygen.
Special protective equipment for fire fighters	: Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.



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Specific	nethods	: Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas containers to rupture. Cool endangered containers with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems.
		Stop flow of product if safe to do so.
		Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible.
SECTI	ON 6: Accidental release measu	Ires
6.1.	Personal precautions, protective equi	pment and emergency procedures
General	measures	Evacuate area. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proven to be safe. Stop leak if safe to do so.
6.2.	Methods and materials for containme	nt and cleaning up
6.3.	Reference to other sections	
For furth	ner information refer to section 8: Expo	sure controls/personal protection
SECTI	ON 7: Handling and storage	
7.1.	Precautions for safe handling	
		Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g, wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.
Safe use	of the product	The suitability of this product as a component in underwater breathing gas mixtures is to be determined by or under the supervision of personnel experienced in the use of underwater breathing gas mixtures and familiar with the physiological effects, methods employed, frequency and duration of use, hazards, side effects, and precautions to be taken.
7.2.	Conditions for safe storage, including	any incompatibilities
Storage	conditions	: Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store and use with adequate ventilation. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Firmly secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods.
05.07	ON 8: Exposure controls/perso	OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

8.1.	Control parameters	
No add	itional information available	
8.2.	Appropriate engineering controls	
Approp	riate engineering controls	: Use a local exhaust system with sufficient flow velocity to maintain an adequate supply of air in the worker's breathing zone. Mechanical (general): General exhaust ventilation may be acceptable if it can maintain an adequate supply of air.



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8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment		
Personal protective equipment	: In case of splash hazard: safety glasses. Face shield. Gloves.	
Hand protection	: Wear work gloves when handling containers. Wear heavy rubber gloves where contact with product may occur.	
Eye protection	: Wear goggles when transfilling or breaking transfer connections. Select in accordance with the current CSA standard Z94.3, "Industrial Eye and Face Protection", and any provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines.	
Skin and body protection	: As needed for welding, wear hand, head, and body protection to help prevent injury from radiation and sparks. (See ANSI Z49.1.) At a minimum, this includes welder's gloves and protective goggles, and may include arm protectors, aprons, hats, and shoulder protection as well as substantial clothing.	
Respiratory protection	: Respiratory protection: Use air supplied respirator when working in confined space or where local exhaust or ventilation does not keep exposure below TLV. Select in accordance with provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines. Respirators should also be approved by NIOSH and MSHA. For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).	
Environmental exposure controls	: Refer to local regulations for restriction of emissions to the atmosphere.	
Other information	: Other protection : Safety shoes for general handling at customer sites. Metatarsal shoes and cuffless trousers for cylinder handling at packaging and filling plants. Select in accordance with the current CSA standard Z195, "Protective Foot Wear", and any provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines. For working with flammable and oxidizing materials, consider the use of flame resistant anti-static safety clothing.	

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties Physical state : Gas

T Thysical state	. Gas
Appearance	: Colourless gas.
Molecular mass	: 28 g/mol
Colour	: Colourless.
Odour	: No odour warning properties.
Odour threshold	: No data available
pH	: Not applicable.
pH solution	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: -210 °C
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: -195.8 °C
Flash point	: No data available
Critical temperature	: -149.9 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Vapour pressure	: Not applicable.
Vapour pressure at 50 °C	: No data available
Critical pressure	: 3390 kPa
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: 0.00115 (≥ 21.1)
Relative density	: No data available
Relative density of saturated gas/air mixture	: No data available
Density	: 1.16 kg/m³
Relative gas density	: 0.97



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Solubility	: Water: 20 mg/l
Log Pow	: Not applicable.
Log Kow	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, dynamic	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic (calculated value) (40 °C)	: No data available
Explosive properties	: Not applicable.
Oxidizing properties	: None.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:
	Non flammable
9.2. Other information	
9.2. Other information	
Gas group	: Compressed gas
Additional information	: None.
SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity	

Stability and reactivity	
ity	
	: Under certain conditions, nitrogen can react violently with lithium, neodymium, titanium (above 1472°F/800°C), or magnesium to form nitrides. At high temperature, it can also combine with oxygen and hydrogen.
	: Stable under normal conditions.
rdous reactions	: May occur.
d	: None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).
erials	: None.
position products	: None.
	ity rdous reactions d erials

SECTION 11: Toxicological information		
Likely routes of exposure	: Inhalation.	
11.1. Information on toxicological effects	S	
Acute toxicity (oral)	: Not classified	
Acute toxicity (dermal)	: Not classified	
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	: Not classified	
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified	
Skin conosion/initation	pH: Not applicable.	
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified	
	pH: Not applicable.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified	
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified	
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified	
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified	
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified	
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified	
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified	



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SECTION 12: Ecological information		
12.1. Toxicity		
	: No ecological damage caused by this product.	
12.2. Persistence and degradability		
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)		
Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.	
Nitrogen (7727-37-9) Log Pow	Not applicable.	
Log Kow	Not applicable.	
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.	
12.4. Mobility in soil		
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)		
Mobility in soil	No data available.	
Log Pow	Not applicable.	
Log Kow	Not applicable.	
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.	
12.5. Other adverse effects		
Effect on the ozone layer	: None.	
Effect on global warming	: None.	
SECTION 12: Disposal consideration		
SECTION 13: Disposal considerations	5	
13.1. Disposal methods		
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations	: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.	
SECTION 14: Transport information		
14.1. Basic shipping description		
In accordance with TDG		
TDG		
UN-No. (TDG)	: UN1066	
TDG Primary Hazard Classes	2.2 - Class 2.2 - Non-Flammable, Non-Toxic Gas.	
Proper shipping name	: NITROGEN, COMPRESSED	
1 11 3		
Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index	: 0.125 L	
Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle or Passenger	: 75 L	
Carrying Railway Vehicle Index		
14.3. Air and sea transport		
IMDG		
	: 1066	
UN-No. (IMDG)		
UN-No. (IMDG) Proper Shipping Name (IMDG)	: 1066 : NITROGEN, COMPRESSED : 2 - Gases	
UN-No. (IMDG) Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) Class (IMDG)	: NITROGEN, COMPRESSED	
UN-No. (IMDG) Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) Class (IMDG)	: NITROGEN, COMPRESSED : 2 - Gases	
UN-No. (IMDG) Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) Class (IMDG) MFAG-No IATA	: NITROGEN, COMPRESSED : 2 - Gases	
UN-No. (IMDG) Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) Class (IMDG) MFAG-No IATA UN-No. (IATA)	: NITROGEN, COMPRESSED : 2 - Gases : 121	
UN-No. (IMDG) Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) Class (IMDG) MFAG-No IATA UN-No. (IATA) Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	 NITROGEN, COMPRESSED 2 - Gases 121 1066 	
UN-No. (IMDG) Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) Class (IMDG) MFAG-No IATA UN-No. (IATA) Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	 NITROGEN, COMPRESSED 2 - Gases 121 1066 Nitrogen, compressed 	



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15.1. National regulations

Nitrogen (7727-37-9)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Elsted on the Ganadian DOE (Domestic Gubs		
15.2. International regulations		
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)		
	nical Substances Produced or Imported in China) ean Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances) ils List) Chemicals) nemicals and Chemical Substances) ostances Control Act) inventory	
SECTION 16: Other information		
Date of issue	: 15/10/1979	
Revision date	: 01/01/2021	
Supersedes	: 03/08/2016	
Indication of changes: Training advice Other information	 The hazard of asphyxiation is often overlooked and must be stressed during operator training. Linde asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards 	
	and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information.	
	The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Linde Canada Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Linde Canada Inc, it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product. Linde Canada Inc, SDSs are furnished on sale or delivery by Linde Canada Inc, or the independent distributors and suppliers who package and sell our products. To obtain current SDSs for these products, contact your Linde sales representative, local distributor, or supplier, or download from www.lindecanada.ca. If you have questions regarding Linde SDSs, would like the document number and date of the latest SDS, or would like the names of the Linde suppliers in your area, phone or write Linde Canada Inc, (Phone: 1-888-257-5149; Address: Linde Canada Inc, 1 City Centre Drive, Suite 1200, Mississauga, Ontario, L5B 1M2).	
NFPA health hazard	: 0 - Exposure under fire conditions would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible materials.	
NFPA fire hazard	: 0 - Materials that will not burn.	
NFPA instability	: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.	
NFPA specific hazard	: SA - This denotes gases which are simple asphyxiants.	

Physical	: 3 Serious Hazard - Materials that may form explosive mixtures with water and are capable of detonation or explosive reaction in the presence of a strong initiating source. Materials may polymerize, decompose, self-react, or undergo other chemical change at normal temperature and pressure with moderate risk of explosion

SDS Canada (GHS) - Linde

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: 0 Minimal Hazard - No significant risk to health

: 0 Minimal Hazard - Materials that will not burn

HMIS III Rating

Flammability

Health



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This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.