

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Version 6.5
Revision Date 18.03.2023
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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifiers

Product name : Morpholine
Product Number : 134236
Brand : Sigma-Aldrich
Index-No. : 613-028-00-9
CAS-No. : 110-91-8

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Synthesis of substances

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : MilliporeSigma Canada Ltd.
2149 WINSTON PARK DRIVE
OAKVILLE ON L6H 6J8
CANADA
Telephone : +1 905 829-9500
Fax : +1 905 829-9292

1.4 Emergency telephone

Emergency Phone # : +1-703-527-3887 CHEMTREC
(International)
24 Hours/day; 7 Days/week

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification in accordance with Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) (SOR/2015-17)

Flammable liquids (Category 3), H226
Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 4), H302
Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 3), H331
Acute toxicity, Dermal (Category 3), H311
Skin corrosion (Category 1B), H314
Serious eye damage (Category 1), H318
Reproductive toxicity (Category 2), H361

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H311 + H331 Toxic in contact with skin or if inhaled.
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary statement(s)

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233 Keep container tightly closed.
P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment.
P242 Use non-sparking tools.
P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.
P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapors.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
P301 + P330 + P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
P304 + P340 + P310 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P361 + P364 Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.
P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405 Store locked up.
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS

- none

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Synonyms	: Tetrahydro-1,4-oxazine
Formula	: C ₄ H ₉ NO
Molecular weight	: 87.12 g/mol
CAS-No.	: 110-91-8
EC-No.	: 203-815-1
Index-No.	: 613-028-00-9

Component	Classification	Concentration *
Tetrahydro-2H-1,4-oxazine		
	Flam. Liq. 3; Acute Tox. 4; Acute Tox. 3; Skin Corr. 1B; Eye Dam. 1; Repr. 2; H226, H302, H331, H311, H314, H318, H361	<= 100 %
* Weight %		

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first-aid measures

General advice

First aiders need to protect themselves. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air. Immediately call in physician. If breathing stops: immediately apply artificial respiration, if necessary also oxygen.

In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Call a physician immediately.

In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Immediately call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

If swallowed

After swallowing: make victim drink water (two glasses at most), avoid vomiting (risk of perforation). Call a physician immediately. Do not attempt to neutralise.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water Foam Carbon dioxide (CO₂) Dry powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NO_x)

Combustible.

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors.

Forms explosive mixtures with air at elevated temperatures.

Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

5.4 Further information

Remove container from danger zone and cool with water. Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapors, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert. For personal protection see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up carefully with liquid-absorbent material (e.g. Chemisorb®). Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Work under hood. Do not inhale substance/mixture. Avoid generation of vapours/aerosols.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Hygiene measures

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

For precautions see section 2.2.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep locked up or in an area accessible only to qualified or authorized persons.

hygroscopic

Storage class

Storage class (TRGS 510): 3: Flammable liquids

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value	Control parameters	Basis
Tetrahydro-2H-1,4-oxazine	110-91-8	TWAEV	20 ppm 71 mg/m ³	Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
Remarks	Skin (percutaneous)			
		TWA	20 ppm 71 mg/m ³	Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
	Substance may be readily absorbed through intact skin			
		TWA	20 ppm	Canada. British Columbia OEL
	Contributes significantly to the overall exposure by the skin route.			
		TWA	20 ppm	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Tightly fitting safety goggles

Skin protection

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: www.kcl.de).

Full contact

Material: butyl-rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.7 mm

Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Butoject® (KCL 898)

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: www.kcl.de).

Splash contact

Material: Viton®

Minimum layer thickness: 0.7 mm

Break through time: 60 min

Material tested: Vitoject® (KCL 890 / Aldrich Z677698, Size M)

Body Protection

Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing.

Respiratory protection

required when vapours/aerosols are generated. Our recommendations on filtering respiratory protection are based on the following standards: DIN EN 143, DIN 14387 and other accompanying standards relating to the used respiratory protection system.

Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

- | | |
|--|---|
| a) Appearance | Form: liquid
Color: colorless |
| b) Odor | ammoniacalunpleasant |
| c) Odor Threshold | No data available |
| d) pH | 10.6 at 5 g/l at 20 °C (68 °F) |
| e) Melting point/freezing point | Melting point/range: -7 - -5 °C (19 - 23 °F) - lit. |
| f) Initial boiling point and boiling range | 129 °C 264 °F - lit. |

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g) Flash point	31 °C (88 °F) - closed cup
h) Evaporation rate	No data available
i) Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
j) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Upper explosion limit: 10.8 %(V) Lower explosion limit: 1.8 %(V)
k) Vapor pressure	9.33 hPa at 20 °C (68 °F) 41.32 hPa at 38 °C(100 °F)
l) Vapor density	3.01 - (Air = 1.0)
m) Density	0.996 g/cm ³ at 25 °C (77 °F) - lit.
Relative density	1.00120 °C
n) Water solubility	completely miscible
o) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	log Pow: -2.55 at 25 °C (77 °F) - Bioaccumulation is not expected.
p) Autoignition temperature	255 °C (491 °F) at 1,013 hPa - DIN 51794
q) Decomposition temperature	> 330 °C (> 626 °F) -
r) Viscosity	2.2 mm ² /s at 20 °C (68 °F) -
s) Explosive properties	No data available
t) Oxidizing properties	none

9.2 Other safety information

Dissociation constant	8.49 at 25 °C (77 °F)
Relative vapor density	3.01 - (Air = 1.0)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Vapor/air-mixtures are explosive at intense warming.

10.2 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Exothermic reaction with:

Strong oxidizing agents

Nitriles

acids

Caution! In contact with nitrites, nitrates, nitrous acid possible liberation of nitrosamines!

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heating.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Aluminum, nonferrous metals

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - male and female - 1,900 mg/kg
(OECD Test Guideline 401)

Symptoms: If ingested, severe burns of the mouth and throat, as well as a danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach.

Acute toxicity estimate Inhalation - 4 h - 3.1 mg/l - vapor

(Expert judgment)

LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - male - 500 mg/kg
(OECD Test Guideline 402)

No data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit

Result: Causes burns. - 3 min
(OECD Test Guideline 404)

Remarks: Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit

Result: Causes serious eye damage.
(OECD Test Guideline 405)

Remarks: Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Buehler Test - Guinea pig

Result: negative

Remarks: (IUCLID)

Germ cell mutagenicity

Test Type: Ames test

Test system: Escherichia coli/Salmonella typhimurium

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: Positive results were obtained in some in vitro tests.

Remarks: (ECHA)

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Test system: Mouse lymphoma test

Metabolic activation: Metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay

Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 479

Result: negative

Test Type: unscheduled DNA synthesis assay

Test system: rat hepatocytes
Metabolic activation: without metabolic activation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 482
Result: negative

Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Hamster

Application Route: Oral

Result: negative
Remarks: (ECHA)

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Suspected of damaging fertility.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

Aspiration hazard

No data available

11.2 Additional Information

RTECS: QD6475000

Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin., Cough, Shortness of breath, Headache, Nausea
To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

After absorption:

Toxic effect on:

Liver
Kidney

Under given conditions, contact with nitrites or nitric acid can lead to the formation of nitrosamines, which have shown themselves to be carcinogenic in animal experiments.

Other dangerous properties can not be excluded.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Stomach - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish	static test LC50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) - 180 mg/l - 96 h Remarks: (in soft water) (Lit.)
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	static test EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 44.5 mg/l - 48 h (OECD Test Guideline 202)
Toxicity to algae	static test ErC50 - Skeletonema costatum - 9 mg/l - 72 h (ISO 10253)
Toxicity to bacteria	static test EC20 - activated sludge - > 1,000 mg/l - 30 min (OECD Test Guideline 209)
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates(Chronic toxicity)	semi-static test NOEC - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 5 mg/l - 21 d (OECD Test Guideline 211)

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability	aerobic - Exposure time 25 d Result: 93 % - Readily biodegradable. (OECD Test Guideline 301E)
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12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation	Cyprinus carpio (Carp) - 42 d at 25 °C - 0.5 mg/l(Tetrahydro-2H-1,4-oxazine)
	Bioconcentration factor (BCF): < 2.8 (OECD Test Guideline 305C)

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available

12.7 Other adverse effects

Forms corrosive mixtures with water even if diluted.
Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Waste material must be disposed of in accordance with the national and local regulations.
Leave chemicals in original containers. No mixing with other waste. Handle uncleaned

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