

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 26-January-2010

Revision Date 18-January-2018

Revision Number 5

1. Identification

Product Name Heptane

Cat No. : BP1115-500; H20-20; H20-200; H340-4; H350-1; H350-4; H350-4LC; H350N2-19; H350RS-19; H350RS-200; H350SK-1; H350SK-4; H360-1; H360-4; O3008-1; O3008-4; O3008FB-19; O3008FB-50; O3008FB-115; O3008FB-200; O3008RB-200; O3008RS-19; O3008RS-50; O3008RS-115; O3008RS-200; O3008SS-28; O3008SS-50; O3008SS-115; O3008SS-200; O3387-4; H350SS-200

Synonyms n-Heptane; Normal Heptane; Ligroine; Petroleum Ether (Sequencing/Technical/Spectranalyzed/HPLC/Certified/Laboratory/Optima/Peroxide Free)

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against Not for food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Importer/Distributor
Fisher Scientific
112 Colonnade Road,
Ottawa, ON K2E 7L6,
Canada
Tel: 1-800-234-7437

Manufacturer

Fisher Scientific
One Reagent Lane
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410
Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number

CHEMTREC®, Inside the USA: 800-424-9300
CHEMTREC®, Outside the USA: 001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

WHMIS 2015 Classification Classified as hazardous under the Hazardous Products Regulations (SOR/2015-17)

Flammable liquids	Category 2
Skin Corrosion/irritation	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3
Target Organs - Central nervous system (CNS).	
Aspiration Toxicity	Category 1

Label Elements

Signal Word
Danger

Hazard Statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapor
 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
 Causes skin irritation
 May cause drowsiness and dizziness



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
 Keep container tightly closed
 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment
 Use only non-sparking tools
 Take precautionary measures against static discharges
 Do not breathe dust/fumes/gas/mist/vapours/spray
 Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Response

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor
 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower
 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
 Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell
 Do NOT induce vomiting
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

Storage

Store locked up
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Other Hazards

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
n-Heptane	142-82-5	>99
Methylcyclohexane	108-87-2	0 - 0.2
Isooctane	26635-64-3	0 - 0.1
Dimethylcyclopentane	28729-52-4	0 - 0.1

4. First-aid measures

General Advice

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye Contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.
Inhalation	Move to fresh air. Obtain medical attention. Aspiration into lungs can produce severe lung damage. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Risk of serious damage to the lungs.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward.
Most important symptoms/effects	Breathing difficulties. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting
Notes to Physician	Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media	Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media	Water may be ineffective
Flash Point	-4 °C / 24.8 °F
Method -	No information available
Autoignition Temperature	215 °C / 419 °F
Explosion Limits	
Upper	6.7 vol %
Lower	1.05 vol %
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact	No information available
Sensitivity to Static Discharge	No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO) Carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

Health 3	Flammability 3	Instability 0	Physical hazards N/A
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6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions	Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Environmental Precautions	Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods for Containment and Clean Up	Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

7. Handling and storage

Handling	Wear personal protective equipment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Keep away from open flames, hot
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surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use explosion-proof equipment.

Storage

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Flammables area.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	Alberta	British Columbia	Ontario TWAEV	Quebec	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
n-Heptane	TWA: 400 ppm TWA: 1640 mg/m ³ STEL: 500 ppm STEL: 2050 mg/m ³	TWA: 400 ppm STEL: 500 ppm	TWA: 400 ppm STEL: 500 ppm	TWA: 400 ppm TWA: 1640 mg/m ³ STEL: 500 ppm STEL: 2050 mg/m ³	TWA: 400 ppm STEL: 500 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 400 ppm (Vacated) TWA: 1600 mg/m ³ (Vacated) STEL: 500 ppm (Vacated) STEL: 2000 mg/m ³ TWA: 500 ppm TWA: 2000 mg/m ³	IDLH: 750 ppm TWA: 85 ppm TWA: 350 mg/m ³ Ceiling: 440 ppm Ceiling: 1800 mg/m ³
Methylcyclohexane	TWA: 400 ppm TWA: 1610 mg/m ³	TWA: 400 ppm	TWA: 400 ppm	TWA: 400 ppm TWA: 1610 mg/m ³	TWA: 400 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 400 ppm (Vacated) TWA: 1600 mg/m ³ TWA: 500 ppm TWA: 2000 mg/m ³	IDLH: 1200 ppm TWA: 400 ppm TWA: 1600 mg/m ³
Isooctane	TWA: 300 ppm TWA: 1400 mg/m ³	TWA: 300 ppm			TWA: 300 ppm		

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH IDLH: The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment**Eye Protection**

Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166.

Hand Protection

Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	Glove comments
Nitrile rubber Viton (R)	See manufacturers recommendations	-	Splash protection only

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly
Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls

Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Liquid
Appearance	Colorless
Odor	Petroleum distillates
Odor Threshold	No information available
pH	No information available
Melting Point/Range	-91 °C / -131.8 °F
Boiling Point/Range	98 °C / 208.4 °F
Flash Point	-4 °C / 24.8 °F
Evaporation Rate	2.8 (Butyl Acetate = 1.0)
Flammability (solid,gas)	Not applicable
Flammability or explosive limits	
Upper	6.7 vol %
Lower	1.05 vol %
Vapor Pressure	48 mbar @ 20 °C
Vapor Density	3.5 (Air = 1.0)
Specific Gravity	0.683
Solubility	Insoluble in water
Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water	No data available
Autoignition Temperature	215 °C / 419 °F
Decomposition Temperature	No information available
Viscosity	0.4 mPa s at 20 °C
Molecular Formula	C7 H16
Molecular Weight	100.20

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard	None known, based on information available
Stability	Stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to Avoid	Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.
Incompatible Materials	Strong oxidizing agents
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO ₂)
Hazardous Polymerization	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Hazardous Reactions	None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity**Product Information
Component Information**

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
n-Heptane	>2000 mg/kg (rat)	LD50 = 3000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 = 103 g/m ³ (Rat) 4 h
Methylcyclohexane	LD50 > 3200 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 > 86700 mg/kg (Rabbit)	Not listed

Toxicologically Synergistic Products No information available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation Irritating to eyes and skin

Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
n-Heptane	142-82-5	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed
Methylcyclohexane	108-87-2	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed
Isooctane	26635-64-3	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed
Dimethylcyclopentane	28729-52-4	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed

Mutagenic Effects No information available

Reproductive Effects No information available.

Developmental Effects No information available.

Teratogenicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure Central nervous system (CNS)
STOT - repeated exposure None known

Aspiration hazard No information available

Symptoms / effects, both acute and delayed Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting:
Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Endocrine Disruptor Information No information available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
n-Heptane	Not listed	LC50: = 375.0 mg/L, 96h (Cichlid fish)	Not listed	EC50: >10 mg/L/24h

Persistence and Degradability May persist

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No information available.

Mobility Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility.

Component	log Pow

n-Heptane	4.66
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13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN1206
 Proper Shipping Name HEPTANES
 Hazard Class 3
 Packing Group II

TDG

UN-No UN1206
 Proper Shipping Name HEPTANES
 Hazard Class 3
 Packing Group II

IATA

UN-No UN1206
 Proper Shipping Name Heptanes
 Hazard Class 3
 Packing Group II

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1206
 Proper Shipping Name Heptanes
 Hazard Class 3
 Packing Group II

15. Regulatory information

All of the components in the product are on the following Inventory lists: X = listed

International Inventories

Component	DSL	NDSL	TSCA	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
n-Heptane	X	-	X	205-563-8	-		X	X	X	X	X
Methylcyclohexane	X	-	X	203-624-3	-		X	X	X	X	X
Isooctane	-	X	X	247-861-0	-		X	X	-	X	X
Dimethylcyclopentane	-	-	-	249-193-5	-		-	-	-	X	-

Canada

SDS in compliance with provisions of information as set out in Canadian Standard - Part 4, Schedule 1 and 2 of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and meets the requirements of the HPR (Paragraph 13(1)(a) of the Hazardous Products Act (HPA)).

16. Other information

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Revision Summary This document has been updated to comply with the requirements of WHMIS 2015 to align with the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) for the Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS